GROUNDS FOR TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE

FAMILY NO LONGER REQUIRES ASSISTANCE
As a family’s income increases, the amount of the housing assistance payment decreases. If the amount of assistance provided by the PHA is reduced to zero, the family’s assistance terminates automatically 180 days after the last HAP payment.

FAMILY CHOOSES TO TERMINATE ASSISTANCE
The family may request that the PHA terminate housing assistance payments on behalf of the family at any time.

MANDATORY TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE
HUD requires the PHA to terminate assistance in the following circumstances.

Eviction
The PHA must terminate assistance whenever a family is evicted from a unit assisted under the HCV program for a serious or repeated violation of the lease. Incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking may not be construed as serious or repeated violations of the lease by the victim or threatened victim of such violence or stalking.

Failure to Provide Consent
The PHA must terminate assistance if any family member fails to sign and submit any consent form they are required to sign for a regular or interim reexamination.

Failure to Document Citizenship
The PHA must terminate assistance if (1) a family fails to submit required documentation within the required timeframe concerning any family member’s citizenship or immigration status; (2) a family submits evidence of citizenship and eligible immigration status in a timely manner, but United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) primary and secondary verification does not verify eligible immigration status of the family; or (3) a family member, as determined by the PHA, has knowingly permitted another individual who is not eligible for assistance to reside (on a permanent basis) in the unit.

For (3) above, the family will be ineligible to receive assistance for at least 24 months after termination. This does not apply to ineligible noncitizens already in the household where the family’s assistance has been prorated.

Failure to Disclose and Document Social Security Numbers
The PHA must terminate assistance if a participant family fails to disclose the complete and accurate social security numbers of each household member and the documentation necessary to verify each social security number.

However, if the family is otherwise eligible for continued program assistance, and the PHA determines that the family’s failure to meet the SSN disclosure and documentation requirements was due to circumstances that could not have been foreseen and were outside of the family’s control, the PHA may defer the family’s termination and provide the opportunity to comply with the requirement within a period not to exceed 90 calendar days from the date the PHA determined the family to be noncompliant.

Methamphetamine Manufacture or Production
The PHA must terminate assistance if any household member has ever been convicted of the manufacture or production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally-assisted housing.

Lifetime Registered Sex Offenders
Should a PHA discover that a member of an assisted household was subject to a lifetime registration requirement at admission and was erroneously admitted after June 25, 2001, the PHA must immediately terminate assistance for the household member.

In this situation, the PHA must offer the family the opportunity to remove the ineligible family member from the household. If the family is unwilling to remove that individual from the household, the PHA must terminate assistance for the household.
Failure of Students to Meet Ongoing Eligibility Requirements

If a student enrolled at an institution of higher education is under age 24, is not a veteran, is not married, does not have dependent children, is not residing with his/her parents in an HCV assisted household, and is not a person with disabilities receiving HCV assistance as of November 30, 2005, the PHA must the terminate the student’s assistance if, at the time of reexamination, either the student’s income or the income of the student’s parents (if applicable) exceeds the applicable income limit.

If a participant household consists of both eligible and ineligible students, the eligible students shall not be terminated, but must be issued a voucher to move with continued assistance in accordance with program regulations and PHA policies, or must be given the opportunity to lease in place if the terminated ineligible student members elect to move out of the assisted unit.

Death of the Sole Family Member

The PHA must immediately terminate program assistance for deceased single member households.

MANDATORY POLICIES AND OTHER AUTHORIZED TERMINATIONS

Mandatory Policies

HUD requires the PHA to establish policies that permit the PHA to terminate assistance if the PHA determines that:

- Any household member is currently engaged in any illegal use of a drug, or has a pattern of illegal drug use that interferes with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents
- Any household member’s abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents
- Any household member has violated the family’s obligation not to engage in any drug-related criminal activity
- Any household member has violated the family’s obligation not to engage in violent criminal activity

Other Authorized Reasons for Termination of Assistance

- The family has failed to comply with any family obligations under the program.
- Any family member has been evicted from federally-assisted housing in the last five years.
- Any PHA has, within the last 10 years, terminated HCV assistance for any member of the family.
- Any family member has committed fraud (examples: unreported income, under-reported income, falsifying information on the application), bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program.
- Any family member is required to register as a sex offender in any State.
- The family currently owes rent or other amounts to any PHA in connection with Section 8 or public housing assistance under the 1937 Act.
- The family has breached the terms of a repayment agreement entered into with the CHA.
- A family member has engaged in or threatened violent or abusive behavior toward CHA personnel.

FAMILY ABSENCE FROM THE UNIT

The family may be absent from the unit for brief periods. The PHA must establish a policy on how long the family may be absent from the assisted unit. However, the family may not be absent from the unit for a period of more than 180 consecutive calendar days for any reason. Absence in this context means that no member of the family is residing in the unit.

INSUFFICIENT FUNDING

The PHA may terminate HAP contracts if the PHA determines, in accordance with HUD requirements, that funding under the consolidated ACC is insufficient to support continued assistance for families in the program.